INTERNAL AUDITOR'S DESKTOP REFERENCE





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1. Introduction

1.1. Introduction to the Internal Auditor's Desktop Reference

The purpose of this guide is to provide a written summary and desktop reference of the audit processes employed by the Internal Auditors. The document provides guidance for the planning, execution, reporting and follow-up procedures for Internal Auditors.

1.2. Careers in Internal Auditing

Internal auditing is a function that continues to evolve with the swift pace of global regulatory changes and compliance challenges. Internal auditors gain an in-depth, up-close understanding of the processes, policies and procedures of an organization and provide valuable feedback to the higher management/board of directors. High Demand of this profession and Career Growth opportunities makes it a very promising career option.

1.3. Introduction to Internal Audit

"Internal auditing is an <u>independent</u>, <u>objective</u> <u>assurance</u> <u>and consulting activity</u> designed to <u>add value</u> <u>and improve an organization's operations</u>. It helps an organization accomplish its objectives by bringing a <u>systematic</u>, <u>disciplined' approach</u> to <u>evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management</u>, <u>control and governance processes."</u>

IIA Glossary

1.4. Internal auditor's roles and responsibilities

Roles and responsibilities	Description		
Monitoring of internal control.	Carrying out audit into the adequacy of internal financial,		
	operational and IT controls		
Examination of financial and	As covered in the scope of external auditor		
operating information			
Review of the economy, efficiency	Also termed as value for money (VFM) audits		
and effectiveness of operations			
Review of compliance	E.g. Carrying out checks into compliance with key aspects of legal		
	or regulatory requirements		



Special investigations	Such as investigations into suspected cases of fraud within the
	entity.

1.5. Benefits of internal audit

- Improvements in entity's financial and operational controls.
- Better compliance with laws and regulations -> low risk of legal action.
- Improvements in the economy, efficiency or effectiveness of operations
- External auditors may decide to rely on the work of internal auditor
- Enhance the reputation of the entity for sound corporate governance.

1.6. Comparison of external and internal audit

	External audit	Internal audit
Role and work	Express an opinion on the truth and	Refer above
	fairness of the annual financial	
	statements.	
Qualification	Set out by statute	No statutory requirements- Management's
		discretion
Appointed by	Shareholders	Management
Duties set out	Statute	Management
by		
Report to	Shareholders	Management
Fraud	Responsibility: No material	Specific responsibility for investigating
	undetected fraud or error during the	suspected fraud or error by management.
	period.	(much lower materiality)

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